#### SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### **SODIUM PERCARBONATE**

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking Trade name:

1.1 Product identifier:	1070
CAS Number:	15630-89-4
EC number:	239-554-0.
1.2 SYNONYMS	Sodium carbonate peroxyhydrate
	Sodium carbonate peroxide
	Disodium carbonate peroxyhydrate

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification:**

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:	It may be classified as an oxidizing solid (Category 3)
2.2 Label elements:	
Hazard Pictograms:	<b>(1)</b>
Signal Word:	Warning
Hazard Statements:	<ul> <li>H272: May intensify fire; oxidizer.</li> <li>H315: Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H319: Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary Statements:	<b>P210</b> : Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot
YOUR CHEMIC	surfaces. No smoking.  P220: Keep/Store away from clothing/other combustible materials.  P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.  P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.



	P273: Avoid release to the environment. P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance
	with local regulations.
2.3 Other hazards:	4070
Irritation:	may cause respiratory irritation or sensitization
Skin Contact:	Prolonged or repeated skin contact may lead to allergic reactions
Eye contact:	Exposure can cause redness, tearing, and discomfort
Chronic Exposure:	Irritation of eyes, skin and mucous membranes
Aggravation of pre-existing conditions	May cause to develop respiratory, eye and skin conditions from a prolong exposure.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.1 Chemical characterisation:	Substances
CAS No:	Description: 15630-89-4 SODIUM CARBONATE PEROXYHYDRATE
Identification number(s):	EC number: 239-554-0.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid	
measures	
General information:	AI DARTMER
After inhalation:	Move to fresh air. Oxygen or
	artificial respiration if needed. Get
	immediate medical attention.
After skin contact:	Immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin. Wash clothing separately before reuse.



After eye contact:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Assure adequate flushing of the eyes by separating the eyelids with fingers. Get medical attention immediately.
After swallowing:	Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance.  Seek immediate medical attention
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	can cause symptoms such as respiratory irritation, skin and eye irritation, and gastrointestinal discomfort if ingested.
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media	Water spray, foam, CO2, dry chemical powder, sandy soil. In case of fire in the surroundings: water in large amounts, water spray. In case of fire: keep drums, etc., cool by spraying with water.
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	May decompose at high temperatures, releasing harmful gases or vapors. May intensify fire; oxidizer. Main products: oxygen, water, sodium carbonate, may include carbon oxides, sodium oxides.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	Wear fully protective suit and respiratory device .



#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions,	Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid
protective equipment and	breathing dust or gas.
emergency procedures	Remove all sources of ignition. Do
	not touch damaged
	containers or spilled material
ECTN	unless wearing appropriate
	protective clothing. Ventilate
	closed spaces before entering.
	Keep unnecessary personnel away.
6.2 Environmental precautions:	Avoid release to the environment.
	Prevent spills from entering
	waterways, drains, or soil. Inform to
	respective authorities.
6.3 Methods and material for	Dilute with water, hydrolysis
containment and cleaning up:	releases oxygen, discharge
	waste liquid to wastewater system.
	Safe burial. Clean
	contaminated surface thoroughly.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	Avoid contact with skin, eyes, mucous membranes and clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Make sure the work area has good ventilation/exhaust
Information about fire - and	Keep away from heat, sources of
explosion protection:	ignition, sparks or open flam
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Keep in a clean, dry and well- ventilated place. Keep away from fire, heat, room temperature below 30 ć.
Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:	Keep container sealed. Protect from moisture and rain. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage



Information about storage in one	Store away from incompatible
common storage facility:	substances such as reducing
	agents, water, acids, combustibles, organic materials, heavy metal
	organic materials, neavy metal
	salts, etc.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

8.1 Control parameters	
Additional information about design of technical facilities:	A system of local and general exhaust is recommended
8.2 Exposure controls	
Personal protective equipment:	Dust respirator, protective masks, wearing anti chemical gloves, rubber gloves, etc.
General protective and hygienic measures:	Eyes, body and hand protection, maintain indoor air unobstructed. Wear protective equipment.
	Respiratory protection: Required.
Protection of hands:	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
	Eye protection: Required
Protection of Body:	Full set of anti chemical reagent overalls, flame retardant antistatic protective clothing, choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties General Information	
Appearance: Form:	Granular solid
Colour:	White
Odour:	odorless
pH-value:	10 to 11
Melting point/Melting range:	>75°C
Boiling point/Boiling range:	No data available



Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not combustible but enhances
	combustion of other substances.
	Risk of fire and explosion.
Ignition temperature:	Not determined
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Self-igniting:	Not determined.
Danger of explosion:	Product does not present an
	explosion hazard
Explosion limits: Lower:	Not determined
Explosion limits: Upper:	Not determined
Vapour pressure:	Not determined
Density at 20 °C:	1.1 g/cm <sup>3</sup> .
Relative density:	1.1
Vapour density:	Not determined
Evaporation rate:	Not applicable
Solubility in / Miscibility with-	10 g per 100 mL
·water at 20 °C:	
Partition coefficient:(n-	Not determined
octanol/water)	
Viscosity:	Not determined

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity  10.2 Chemical stability	Decomposes on contact with water. This generates fire and explosion hazard. The solution in water is a weak base. Reacts with metal and their salts, organic acids and reducing agents Slow decomposition
VOLID CHEMIC	A I D'A D T N E D
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	If the temperature exceeds 5 ć a self-accelerating decomposition can occur, releasing heat, oxygen and steam
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames, sparks, moisture, temperatures above 75°C, direct sunlight
10.5 Incompatible materials:	Reducing agents, water, acids, combustible, organic materials, heavy metal salts, etc.



10.6 Hazardous decomposition	Oxygen, water, sodium carbonate;
products	may include carbon oxides and
	Sodium oxides

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1 Information on toxicological effects	1970
Acute Toxicity:	LD50 (Oral, rat): 1,034 mg/kg LC50 (Inhalation, rat): N/A LD50 (Dermal, rat): >2,000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/Irritation:	can cause skin irritation upon contact, leading to symptoms such as redness, itching, and burning sensations.
Serious eye damage/irritation:	Causes severe eye irritation, redness, and tearing. Prolonged exposure may result in corneal damage.
Respiratory damage/irritation:	May cause respiratory irritation, coughing, and difficulty breathing.
Ingestion:	May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, and abdominal pain.
11.2 Additional toxicological information	
Aquatic Toxicity:	can be harmful to aquatic organisms,
Biodegradability:	It breaks down in the environment, releasing hydrogen peroxide, which is also subject to further degradation.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity	96 Hr LC50 fish: 70.7 mg/l
Aquatic toxicity:	48 Hr EC50 Daphnia: 4.9 mg/l
	48 Hr EC50 Algae: 2 mg/l
12.2 Persistence and	Due to its oxidative properties, it
degradability:	does not persist in the
	environment for long periods
	It is considered biodegradable
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:	low



12.4 Mobility in soil:	High solubility
12.5 Other adverse effects	can be harmful to aquatic life,
	particularly if released in high
	concentrations.
	Can cause allergic skin reactions or
FCTD	respiratory issues.
E3111_	can react with strong acids or
	reducing agents,leading to the
	release of heat and potentially
	hazardous conditions.
	Can cause respiratory irritations.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

visposal must be made according official regulations.
Vater, Detergent Solutions, olvent-based Cleaners, pH-neutral leaners
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#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 UN-Number · ADR, ADN,	UN 3378
IMDG, IATA:	
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14.2 UN proper shipping name ·	SODIUM CARBONATE
ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA:	PEROXYHYDRATE
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) ·	Division 5.1 oxidizing Substances
ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA:	_
14.4 Packing group · ADR, IMDG,	PG 2
IATA:	A I DADTNED
14.5 Environmental hazards:	can disrupt local ecosystems if
	introduced in large quantities.
14.6 Special precautions for user	□ Use appropriate, sealed
	containers to prevent moisture
	exposure, which can cause
	degradation and release oxygen.
	🛮 Ensure containers are labeled
	clearly with hazard warnings.



#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Directive 2012/18/EU	Directive 2012/18/EU, under that this substance is classified as oxidizing agent.
Named dangerous substances	ANNEX I Substance is not listed
15.2 Chemical safety assessment:	Chemical assessment has been carried out to check for potential hazard

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them, and should make independent judgment of suitability of this information to ensure proper use and protect the health and safety of employees. This information is furnished without warranty, and any use of the product not in conformance with this Material Safety Data Sheet, or in combination with any other product or process, is the responsibility of the user.

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